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# Project 44: Cracking the Voynich Code

Final Seminar

# Outline

- The Voynich Manuscript
  - Objectives, Background and Motivation
- Analysing the Manuscript
  - Techniques, Research, and Testing
- The Information Learnt
  - Results and Analysis
- Project Management
  - Team Roles, Milestones, and Budgeting
- Conclusions



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Background, Motivation, and Objectives

# The Voynich Manuscript

# A Brief History

- Voynich Manuscript
  - Found in an Italian Castle by Wilfred Voynich, a book collector
  - Pages and some references dated to the 15<sup>th</sup> Century
  - Author or authors unknown
  - Language unknown
  - Pictures have been inconclusively matched to plants in Europe and South America
- Electronic Transcriptions
  - At least two different languages or dialects
  - Hard to separate letters into a fixed alphabet
  - Interlinear Transcription File

# Current Theories

- Early Language or Writing System
  - Early Welsh (Tim Ackerson)
  - Romanised Manchu Chinese (Zbigniew Banasik)
- Code
  - Fake cipher related to Arabic numerals (D'Imperio)
  - Cipher by Roger Bacon (William Newbold)
  - Cipher by Antonio Averlino (Nick Pelling)
  - Certain pages are key to unlocking the mystery (Mark Sullivan)
- Hoax
  - Written to scam money out of Rudolf II (Raphael Mnishovsky)
  - Written by Voynich for money and fame

# Voynich Manuscript

- **Part 1** (Herbal)  
*129 pages*
- **Part 2** (Astronomical)  
*12 pages*
- **Part 3** (Biological)  
*20 pages*
- **Part 4** (Cosmological)  
*20 pages*
- **Part 5** (Pharmaceutical)  
*18 pages*
- **Part 6** (Recipes)  
*25 pages*

Detailed chemical analysis can be found at Yale:  
[http://beinecke.library.yale.edu/sites/default/files/voynich\\_analysis.pdf](http://beinecke.library.yale.edu/sites/default/files/voynich_analysis.pdf)



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# Characters (EVA Alphabet)

Ɱ Ɐ Ɒ ⱱ Ⱳ ⱳ ⱴ Ⱶ ⱶ ⱷ ⱸ ⱹ ⱺ ⱻ  
A B C D E F G H I J K L M

ⱼ ⱋ ⱌ ⱍ ⱎ ⱏ ⱐ ⱑ ⱒ ⱓ ⱔ ⱕ  
N O P Q R S T U V X Y Z

Superis habeo gratiam  
quorum maiestate fug  
gerente mihi fauorum  
opperfici· djksvwxyzi

Humanist miniscule  
writing (left)

# Objectives

- Develop Data Mining Techniques for the unknown language/code in the Voynich Manuscript.
- Compare linguistic features of the Voynich Manuscript and other languages.
- Determine whether the language in the Voynich manuscript is real, a code, or a hoax.
- Develop a code base and documentation to aid future projects.



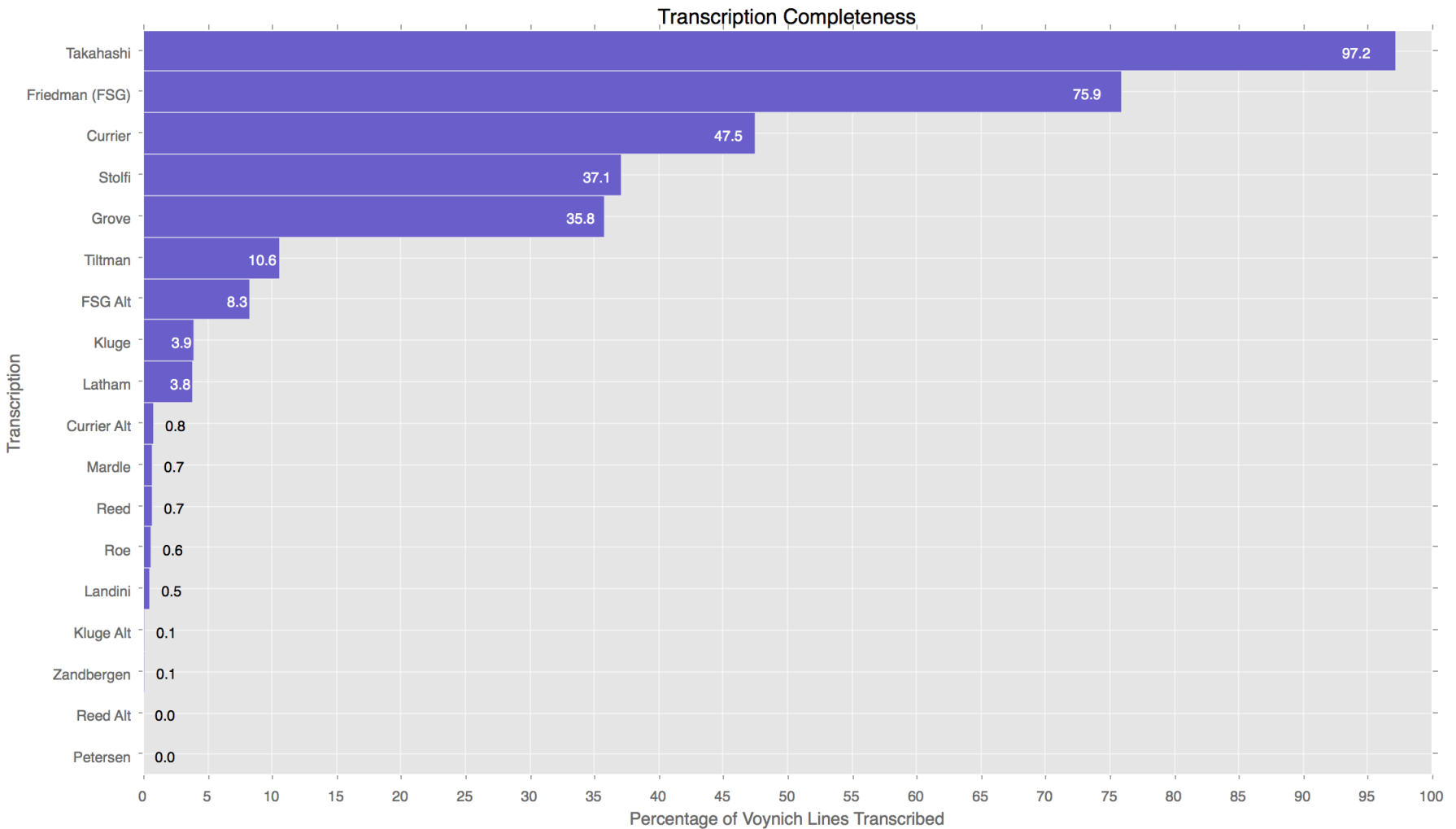


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Research, Methods and Tools

# Analysing The Manuscript

# Electronic Transcriptions

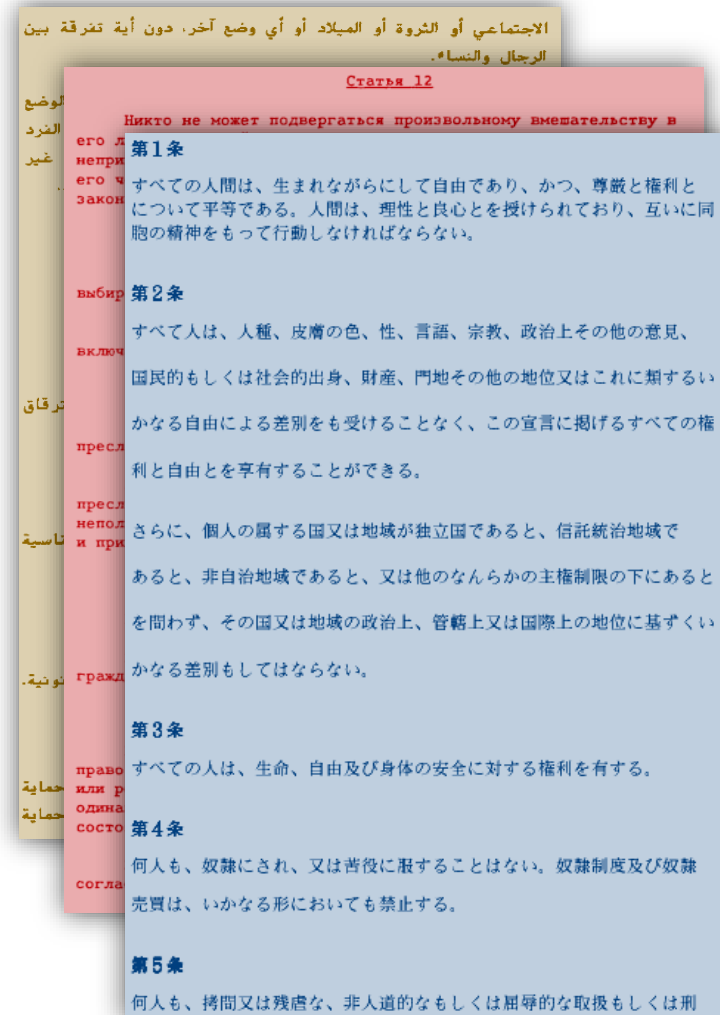


# Testing Methodology

- Used Takahashi Transcription and EVA alphabet for all tests
- Handwritten text files for basic verification
- 10 Comparison Texts of similar length in selected languages
  - English (3 Texts)
  - Latin
  - Italian
  - Hungarian
  - Hebrew (Without vowel accents)
  - Chinese (Simplified Characters)
  - Chinese (Pinyin)

# The UN Declaration of Human Rights

- 382 translated languages
- Allows greater selection of comparison languages.
- Translations contain an average of 1800 word tokens.



Picture Reproduced From: [www.boes.org](http://www.boes.org) (Public Domain)

# Collocations

- A collocation is a word combination that occurs more often than would be expected by chance:
  - “Strong Tea”
  - “Friendly Footing”
  - “Saucer of Milk”
  - “Scotland Yard”
- Collocations indicate names and expressions in a language, and don’t translate well into other languages.

$$\text{pmi}(x; y) \equiv \log \frac{p(x, y)}{p(x)p(y)} = \log \frac{p(x|y)}{p(x)} = \log \frac{p(y|x)}{p(y)}.$$

# TF-IDF

- **TF: Term Frequency**
  - Proportional to the number of times a word is used in a document or section
- **IDF: Inverse Document Frequency**
  - Inversely Proportional to the number of documents or sections in which a word appears
- TF-IDF scores provide a way to find words relevant to a section, while ignoring words that are common across all sections.

# Word Recurrence Interval (WRI)

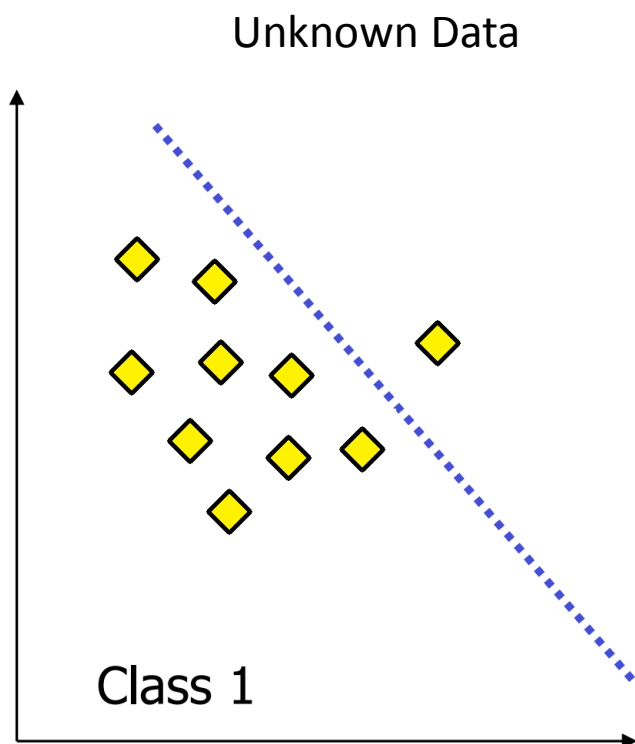
- WRI is defined as the number of words in between successive occurrences of a keyword
- Keyword being: **I**

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11  
**I** have six locks on my door all in a row. When **I** go out, **I** lock every other one. **I** figure no matter how long somebody stands there picking the locks, they are always locking three.

- Word Recurrence interval is: {0, 11, 2, 4}



# Support Vector Machine (SVM)



- SVM is a binary classifier
- Defines a decision point from a set of training data which is split into two distinct classes
- Assigns new testing data into one of those classes based on the decision point.
- Can be used for authorship detection

Picture Modified From: Martin Law, 3/1/11, [http://www.cise.ufl.edu/class/cis4930sp11dtm/notes/intro\\_svm\\_new.pdf](http://www.cise.ufl.edu/class/cis4930sp11dtm/notes/intro_svm_new.pdf)

Reference: Ebrahimpour M, Putniņš TJ, Berryman MJ, Allison A, Ng BW-H, et al. (2013) Automated Authorship Attribution Using Advanced Signal Classification Techniques. PLoS ONE 8(2): e54998. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0054998

# Language Investigations (Herbal Book)

- **Language and grammar was lax at times**
  - Repeated letters skipped
  - Words abbreviated with symbols
- **Position dependent letters**
  - Two different interchangeable versions of letter 's'
- **Different authors, different substitutions**
  - Separate authors would substitute words with own symbols
- **Penmanship questionable**
  - Words sometimes written as one word sometimes split apart
- **Words continued on different lines**
  - Occasionally would have an indicator to show word had been split



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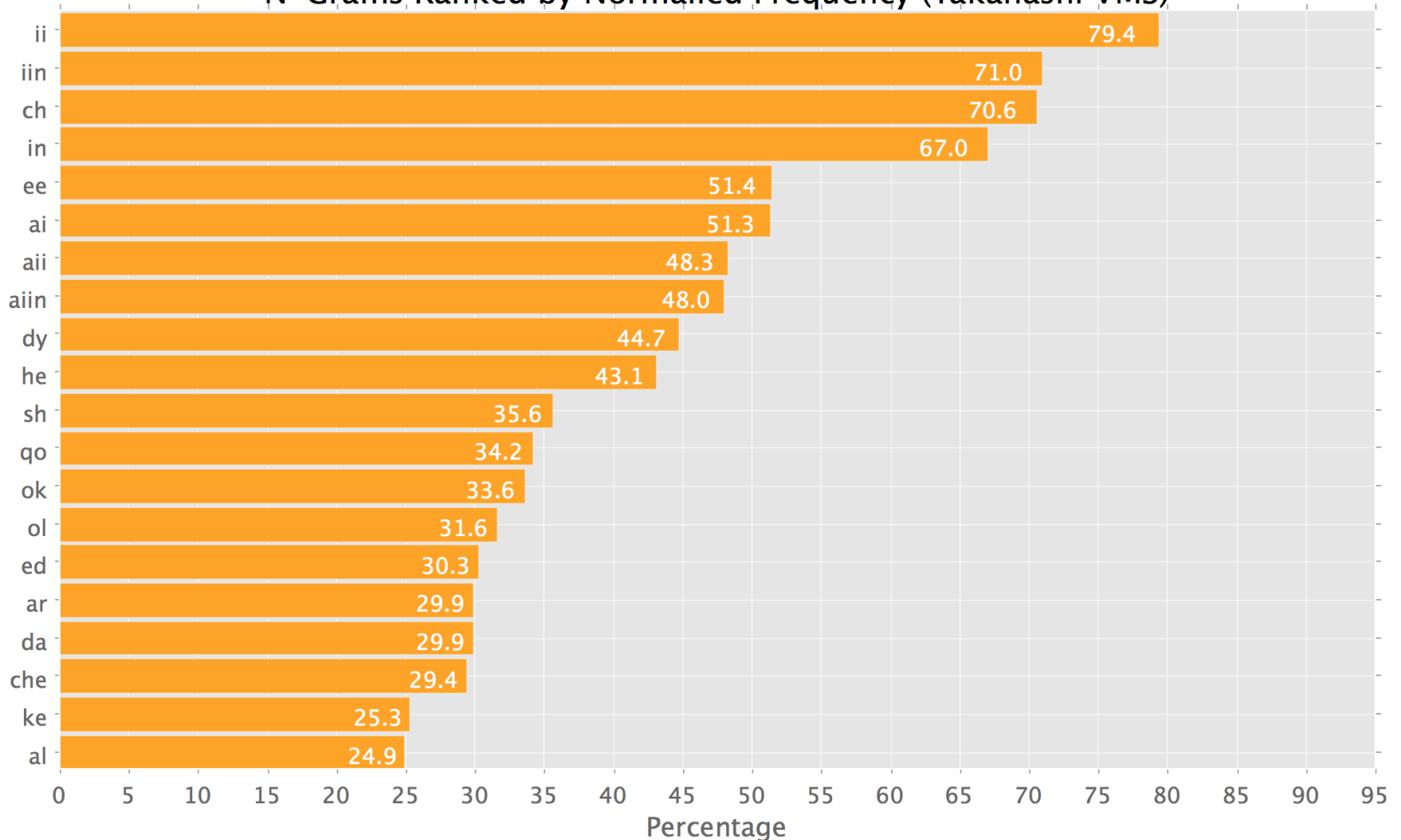
Results and Analysis

# Information Learnt

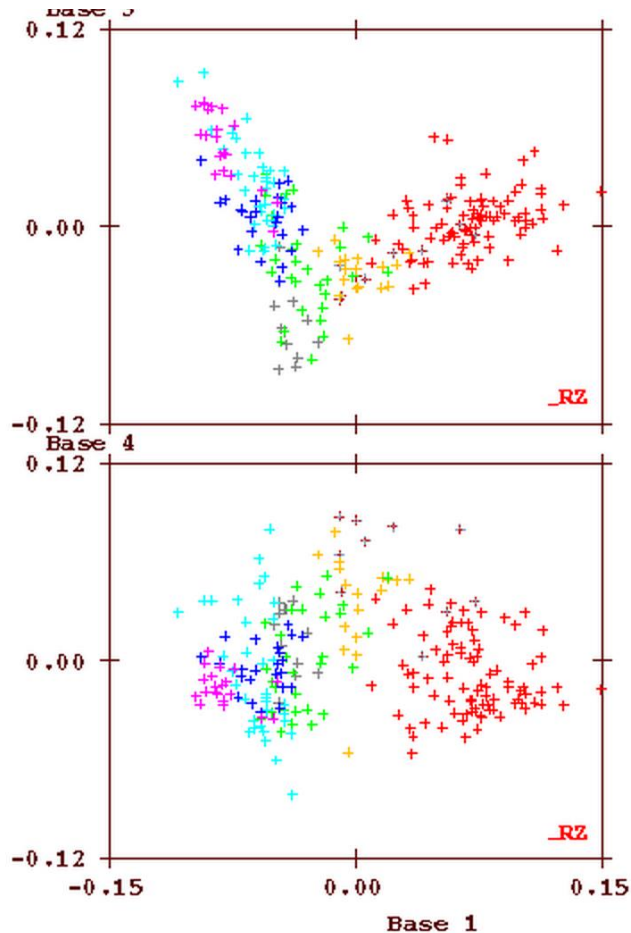
Section	Currier Language	Pages	Tokens	Words	Words per Page	Full Alphabet Length	Common Alphabet Length
Cosmological	Unknown	20	3008	1521	150	27	24
Biological	B	20	6917	1549	346	21	18
Herbal A	A	97	7956	2492	82	32	21
Herbal B	B	32	3442	1349	108	23	20
Recipes	B	25	11417	3328	457	29	19
Pharma	A	18	2573	1139	143	21	19
Zodiac	Unknown	12	1331	808	111	20	19
Unclassified	Unknown	12	1276	708	106	28	24
Missing		20	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Full Manuscript</b>		<b>256</b>	<b>37945</b>	<b>8105</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>21</b>

# Common Letter Combinations

N-Grams Ranked by Normalied Frequency (Takahashi VMS)



# Word and Illustration Relationships



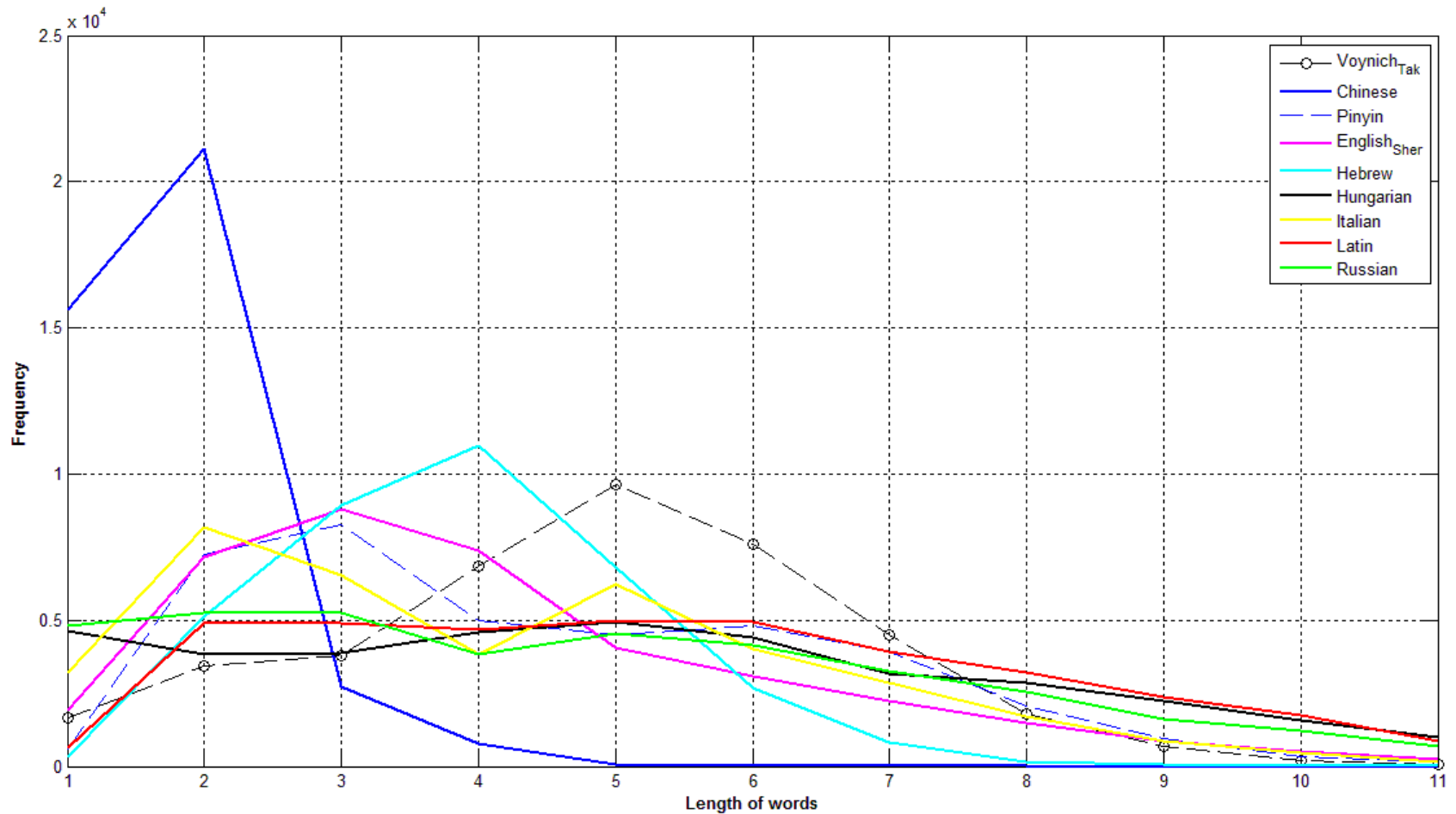
OFCC9 200 8AN ZC9 SCFCC89 R0R 4OPAN SAE FAN ZC071 EPAN 0R 8FC08 E208 FAE 4DFCC89 FAN 028 R AN ZC088 40FC9 40F1 FCCOR 8AN 0F08 808 80C89 SX9 EZC89  
 OFCC89 40F028 OESC89 2AE 889 0F08 ESC89 40FAE 0FAN FCC89 2AN 0FAN 2AM 0F028 BSC8AR 8AE ZAE 0FAN SAR 4N ESC9 E0R AJ 0F020 SCQ9 208 0F028 8AT  
 ZC08 E SFAE 40F08 80F8 SQ889 EPC89 0FAE 0M 40FCS89 0PCC89 40F028 40F028 0F08 0FAN ZC889 2 O 8AN EFAR SE 888 FC9 80088 8AR9 ZC08 40FCOR AM  
 ZC08 SE FCC9 4OPAN 0FAN 40F889 0PCC9 8X08 EFC89 40F020 AE SC8AN EFCC89 ZC8 80E 0EAN ZC8AE 40FAN 8 80E EFC9 40BSC9 0F89 SCAE  
 AEDE ZCAR 08AM 40XC9 8AM 0FC8AE SCQ89 40PCC2 ZC8AJ 0FCC89 40XC89 SCXC9 0F020 2AEFC89 PCC89 SXC89 PCC9 ZFCFC9 ZCCOE ZCAE  
 ON 40FCAR SR 8AJ EAJ 8ZCC89 80C08 2AR SQ\*9 EOFCC89 ER SXAE 40F028 ESCOE SC8AR 08AM 40PSC9 AT 0IF\*9 40SC9 0EFAE 8ZC9 8AN EFO  
 EFCC9 200 AEOJ FCCOE 40FCS89 08AM ZCFAE 8SC8 40VSC89 8089 40F020 ESC8 SFCC9 8SC09 E0FAJ 40F 0FCCOE SCBSC89 80M ZCCX9 PC9  
 0PC8AR 0PC2 40FC89 0PC089 80C88 40FC089 0PCC8 AK EV89 SAM PAT CCC2 OJ EFAJ FCCC9 SC02 8AK ZCCF EOP9 ZCFAN 40FC89 0FCAE  
 EFCC89 ZC08 ZC8AN 8SAE 0PCE 0PCCAJ 40AN 408 80C00 SC0 SCOFCC9 AEAJ OFCCO EFCSC9 EFCSC89 SCCFAN 0PCC09 EFAT ESAE  
 0PCCOE 80 FCS89 0EFCC89 40FC08 40SC89 0PC0 ZCC08AR SC0J 0PARAE 0AM 0EFC0 EFC0E EFAE EFC089 PC8AJ 0F8AN ZOF  
 40FC0E 40FC02 0PCC8AN EFCC89 SCAJ SCXC8 OSC9 FSOES8AR AIIB SCPAE29 4CCAE 40FC0A2 SCOF89 ZCCFZ9 SOFSC9 SX\*9  
 8SCC8AN 8FC8AM RCC08 0EA3 AIF\*9 ZFAM 8ZCC0 0PSC89 0PC0EAT 40ZC0 8SC8AR 8FCC02 8SC89 0PC080 88AJ 0F08AN ZCP  
 ZCOPAJ ZPAR 0ESC089 ZC089 ESC0CPAJ 40FC08R SC889 40PC8E EOC89 SC8C9 EFAK 0\*OR F88C89 ZCCP SCOP889 ZC08 PSC8 FCOCC89  
 40FCZ9 FCCZ089 OFCSC89 ESR 20 AEA E\*AR 20AM 0PC08AM 40PC8AM PCC8AN ZC0FAR RF9 SPAR 40TAN ZCOPSC89 ZFC9 40FCAN  
 ZFC089 8ZCC0PC89 PCAR 80EFC89 ESC89 40C0C0 SC8A FCC08AE PC0 0FC0J 40FC089 EFC8FC9 PCC8 8SC8E 80EAE 89FCOR SCCV9  
 0BSC8AE EVSC89 ESCC0E 0PC0N SCAJAR 40FC0FC89 0PCC0EFC9 EAN 40FC0AE 40FCCE SC89PCOFAN EFC8AR EFC8AN 0FCAJ PC0EFC8AN  
 EPC8AE U 0FCCZC9 0ESAE 4CCAR 80C0FC9 PC8AN SC8SAJ 40FC0FAN FCCE 80EFC00 SC0FCAN FAR \*AN 8ZC 0FZ89 ZFC08 SXAM

# Words and Illustration Relationships

Astrological	Biological	Cosmologic al	Pharma	Recipes	Herbal
osar	qol	v	daiin	qokeedy	Daiin
oteody	qolkeedy	ytaiin	okeol	qokaiin	chor
oteotey	qokedy	k	ctheol	lchedy	cthor
eody	qokain	{&169}	olchor	lkaiin	ctho
okalar	shedy	{&171}	qoor	lkain	qotchor
okeodaly	lchedy	x	shockhey	qokain	qotchy



# Word Lengths and Frequency



# UDHR and Word Lengths

Text	Tolerance	Match	UDHR Match	Peak Length
Voynich	10%	45.45%	Arabic, Standard	2
Voynich	15%	54.54%	Arabic, Standard	2
Voynich	25%	63.63%	Malay (Arabic)	4
Voynich	40%	72.72%	Hebrew, Malay (Arabic), Guarayu, Arabic (Standard)	4, 4 5 2
Voynich	50%	81.81%	Arabic (Standard), Hausa (Niger), Hausa (Nigeria)	2 2 2

## Voynich:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
4.13%	8.52%	9.45%	17.01%	23.95%	18.84%	11.12%	4.49%	1.68%	0.52%	0.14%

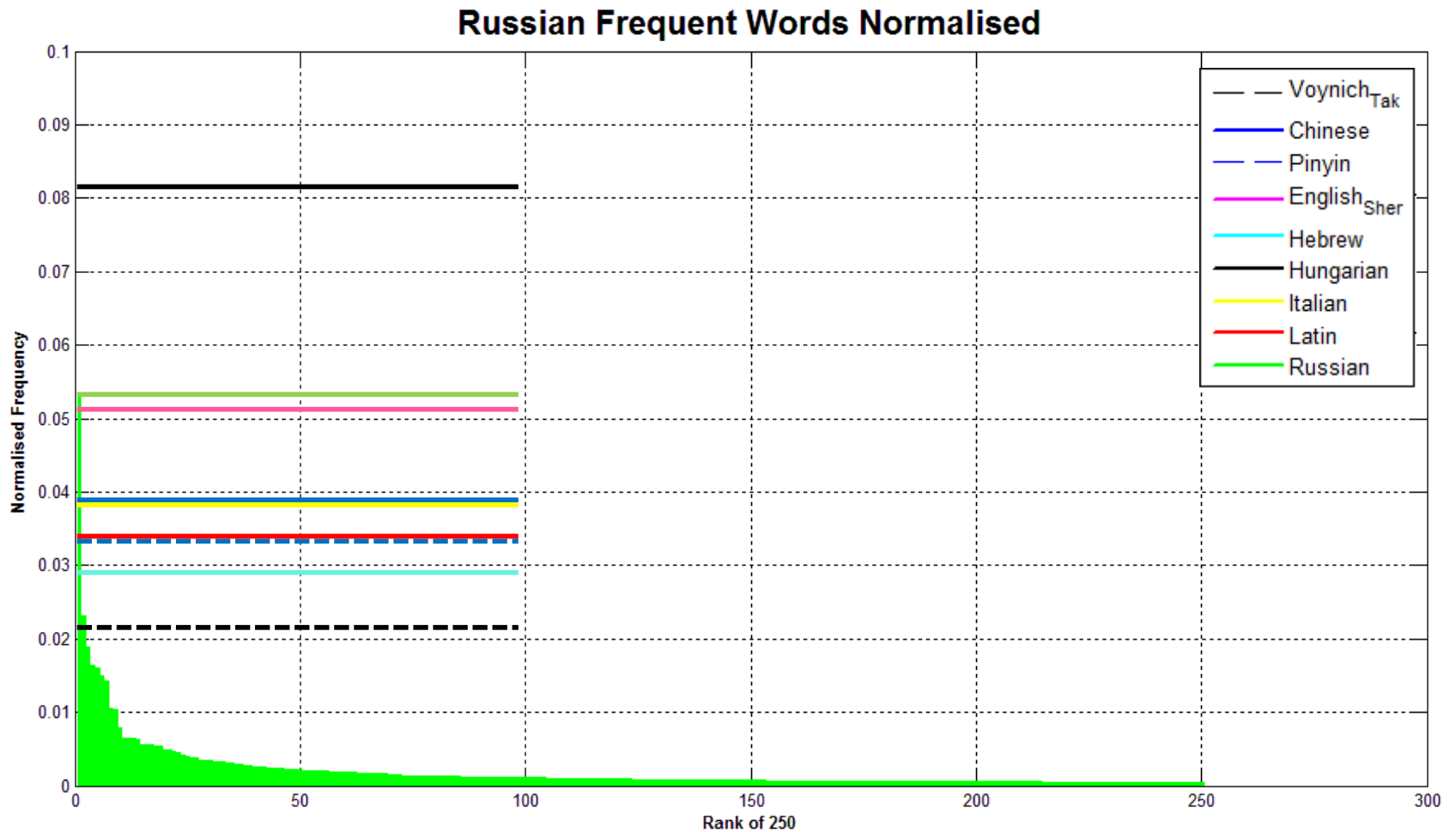


# UDHR and WRI

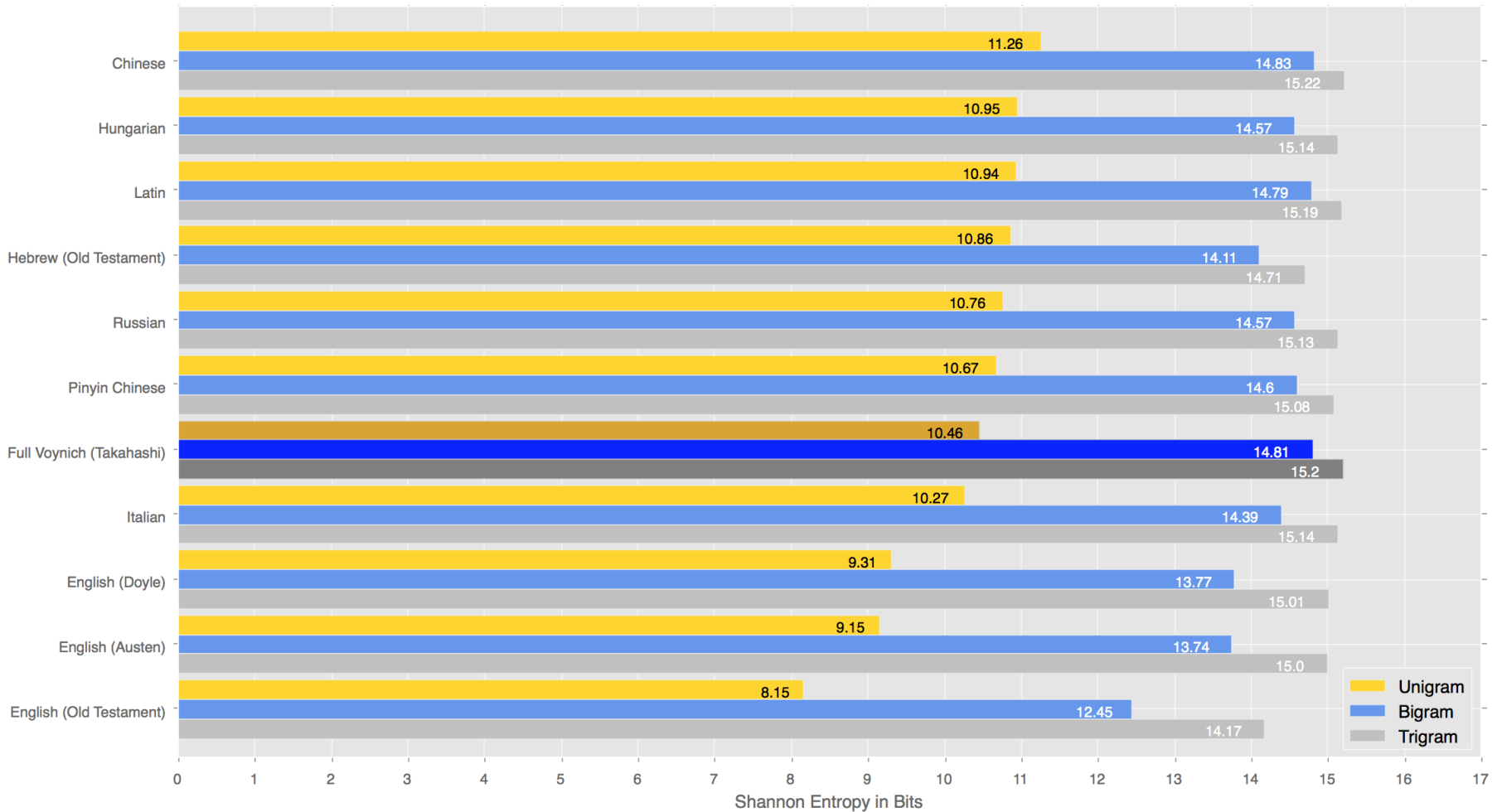
Name	Tolerance	Match	UDHR Match	Comments
Voynich Herbal A	10%	17%	Bosnian (Latin)	<b>f15r - f22v</b>
Voynich Herbal A	10%	12%	Jola-Fonyi	<b>f3r - f10v</b>
Voynich Biology B	10%	3%	Hmong (Southern Qiandong), Aceh	<b>f83r - f85r1</b>
Voynich Recipe B	10%	22%	Bosnian (Latin), Mapudungun	<b>f113r - f114r</b>
Herbal Book	10%	8%	Hmong, Southern Qiandong	<b>16<sup>th</sup> Century</b>

- Comparison text of ~1500 words
- Average UDHR text length is ~1800 words
- Top 100 data points

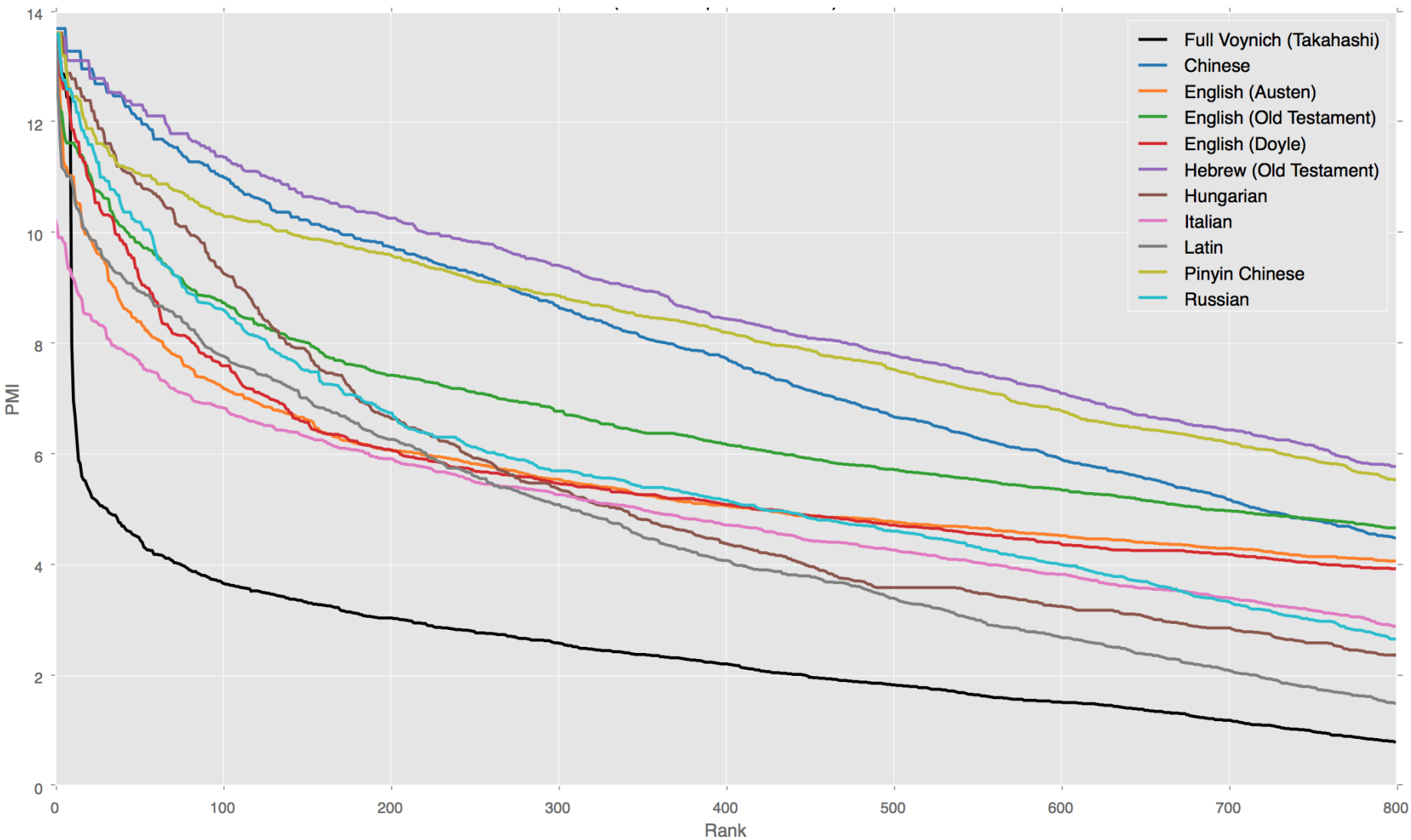
# Word Frequency and Zipf's Law



# Word Entropy

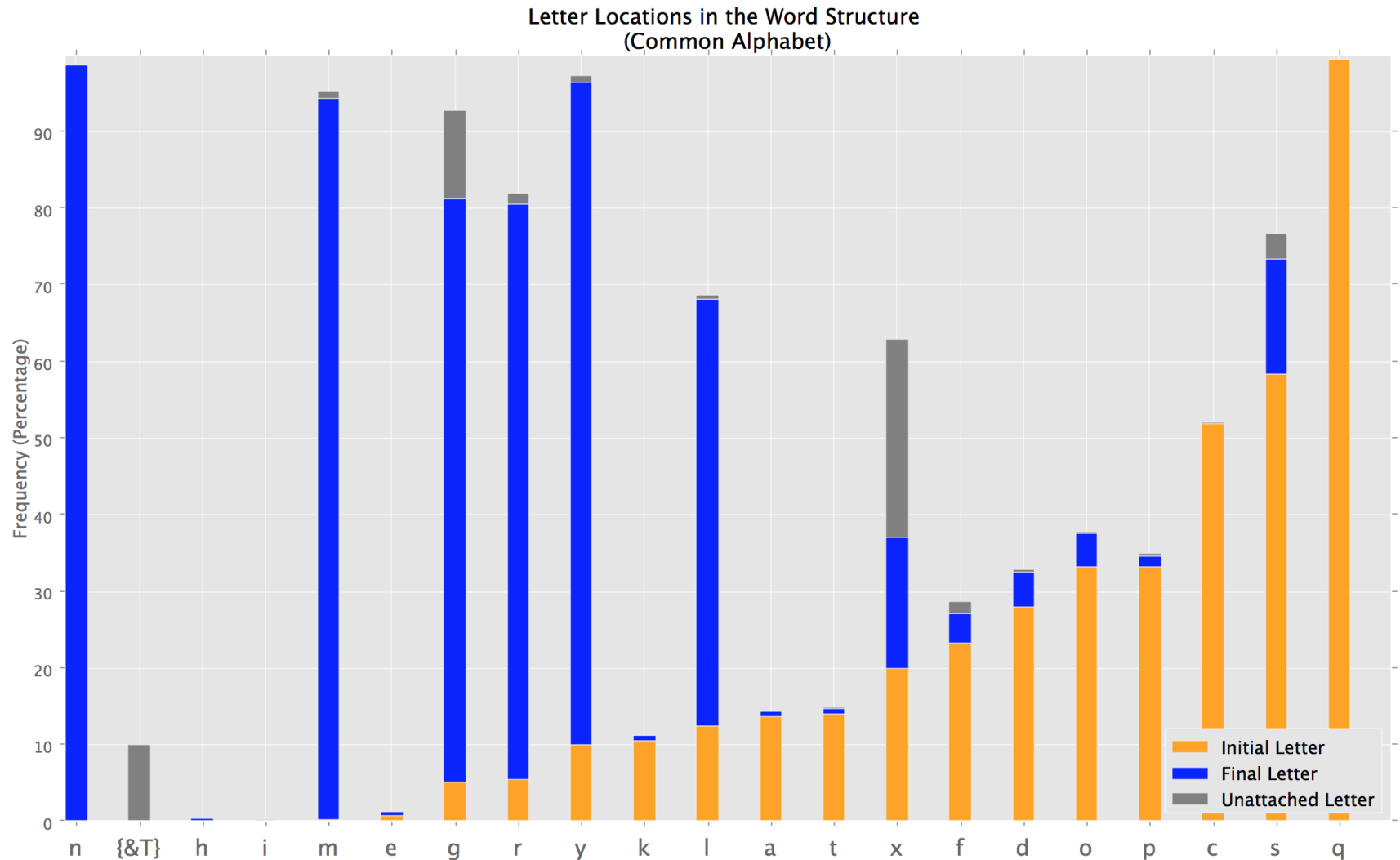


# Collocations



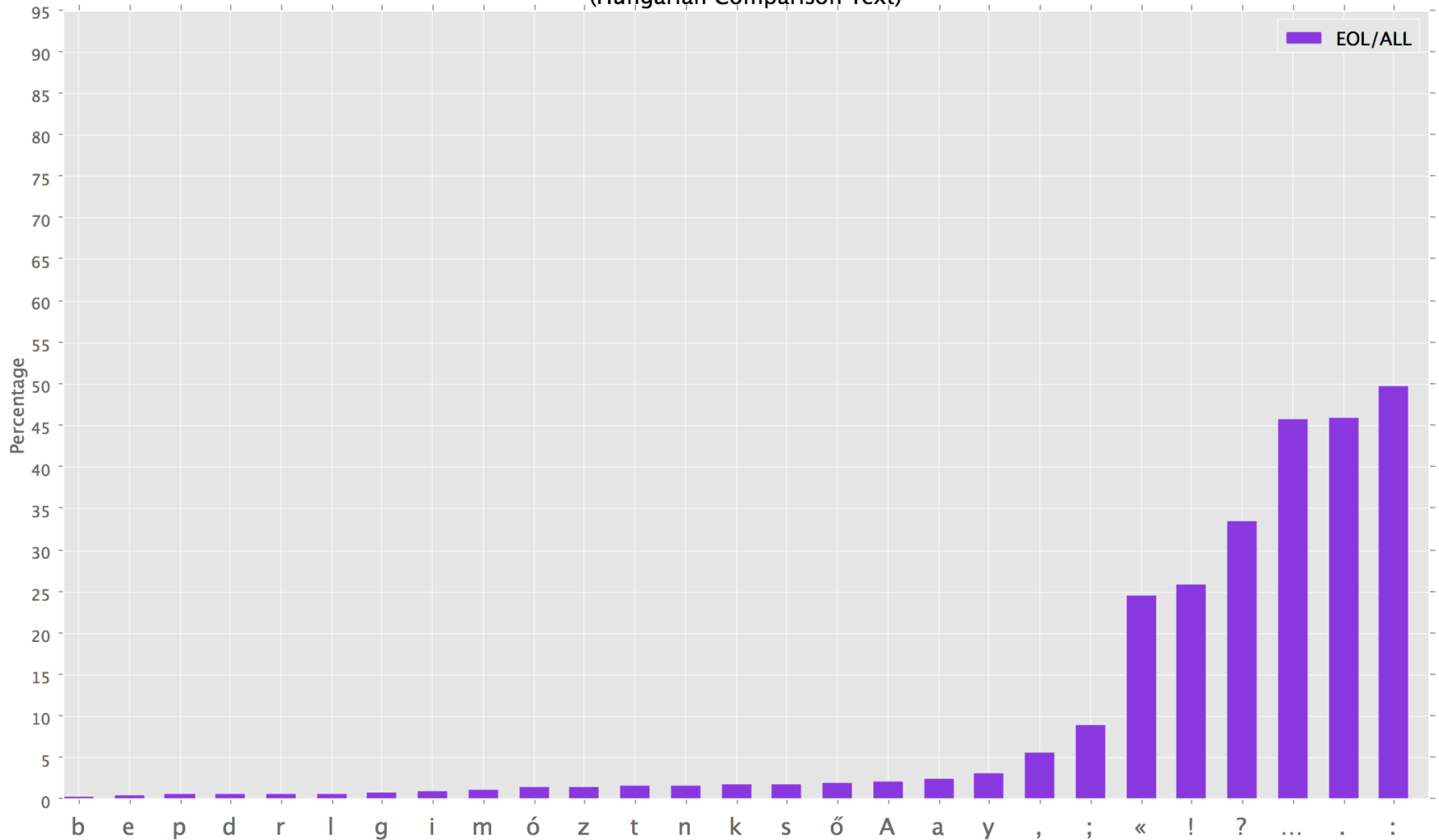


# Word Structure



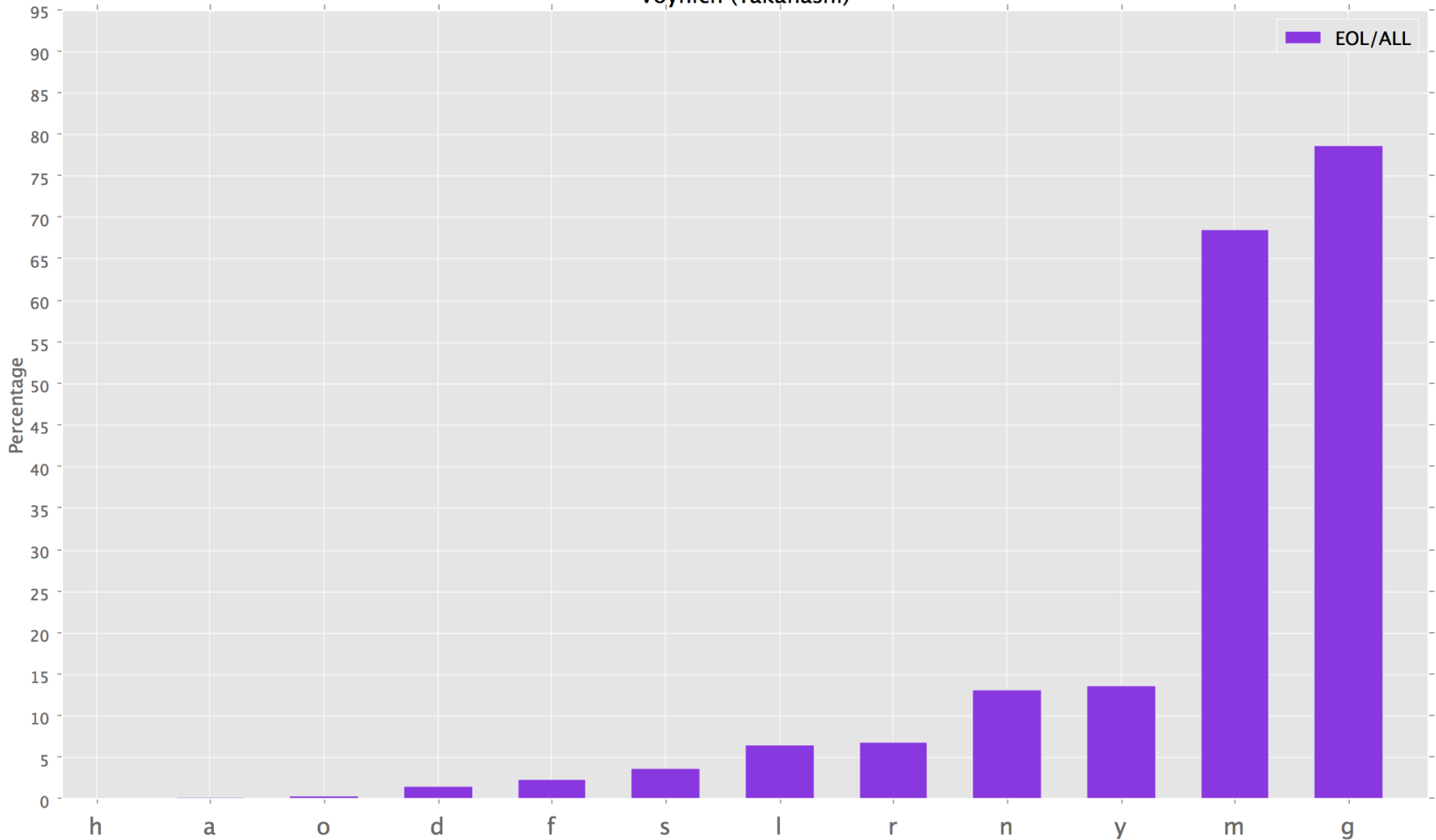
# Punctuation

Significant End of Line Characters  
(Hungarian Comparison Text)



# Punctuation

Significant End of Line Characters  
Voynich (Takahashi)



# Support Vector Machine (SVM)

Language	Comparisons	Group
Voynich <sub>Takahashi</sub> Normalised	Frequency	Hebrew
Voynich <sub>Takahashi</sub> $\sigma$	WRI	Russian

## Normal Languages Compared

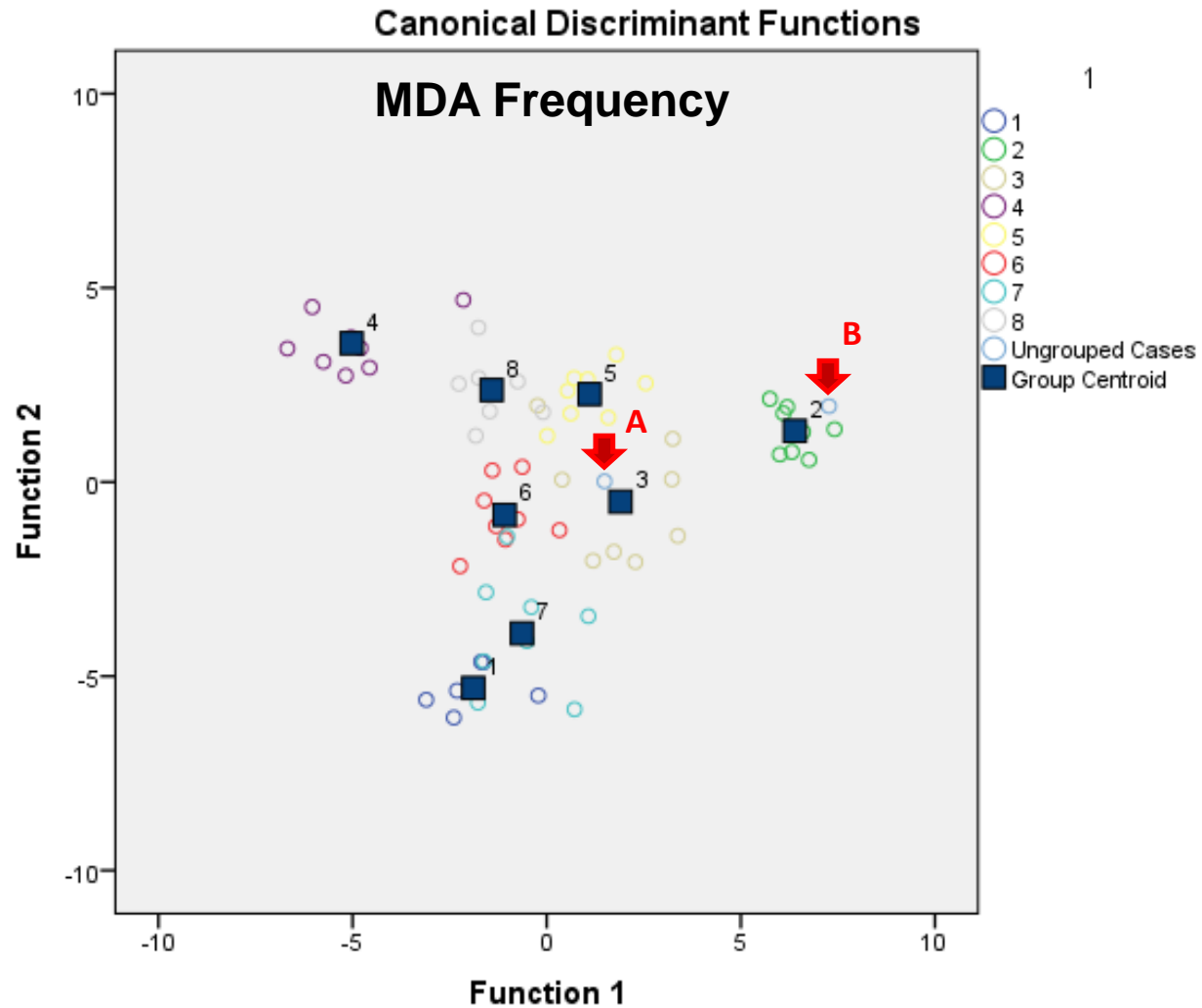
Chinese	English <sub>Sherlock Holmes</sub>	Hebrew	Hungarian
Italian	Latin	PinYin	Russian

Language	Comparisons	Group
Voynich <sub>Takahashi</sub> Herbal A	Frequency	Zodiac
Voynich <sub>Takahashi</sub> Herbal A	WRI	Pharmaceutical

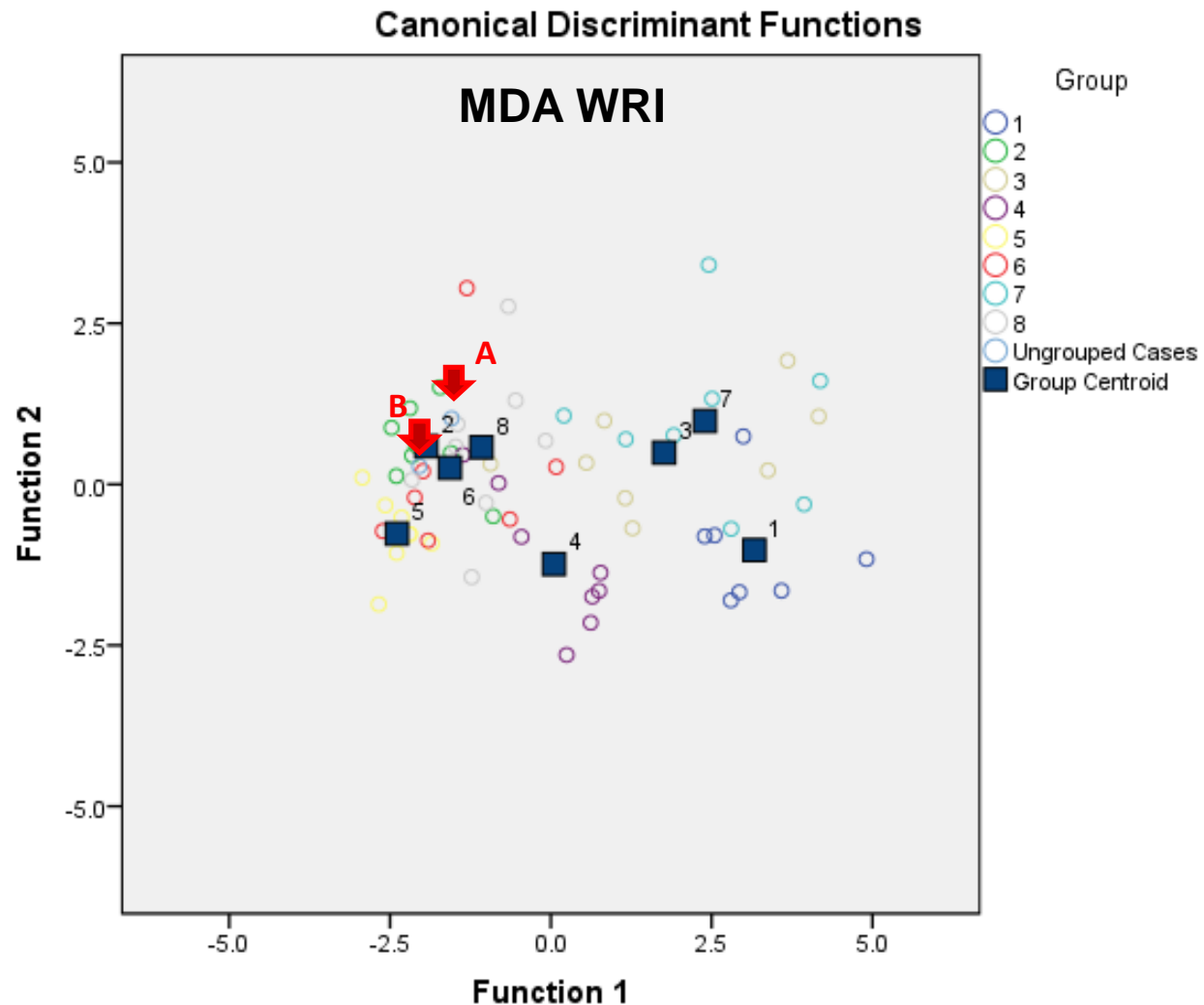
## Voynich Languages Compared

Biological	Cosmological	Herbal A	Herbal B
Pharmaceutical	Recipes	Unknown	Zodiacs

# Multiple Discriminant Analysis (MDA)



# Multiple Discriminant Analysis (MDA)





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Risk Management, Budgeting, Timeframes and Approach

# Project Management

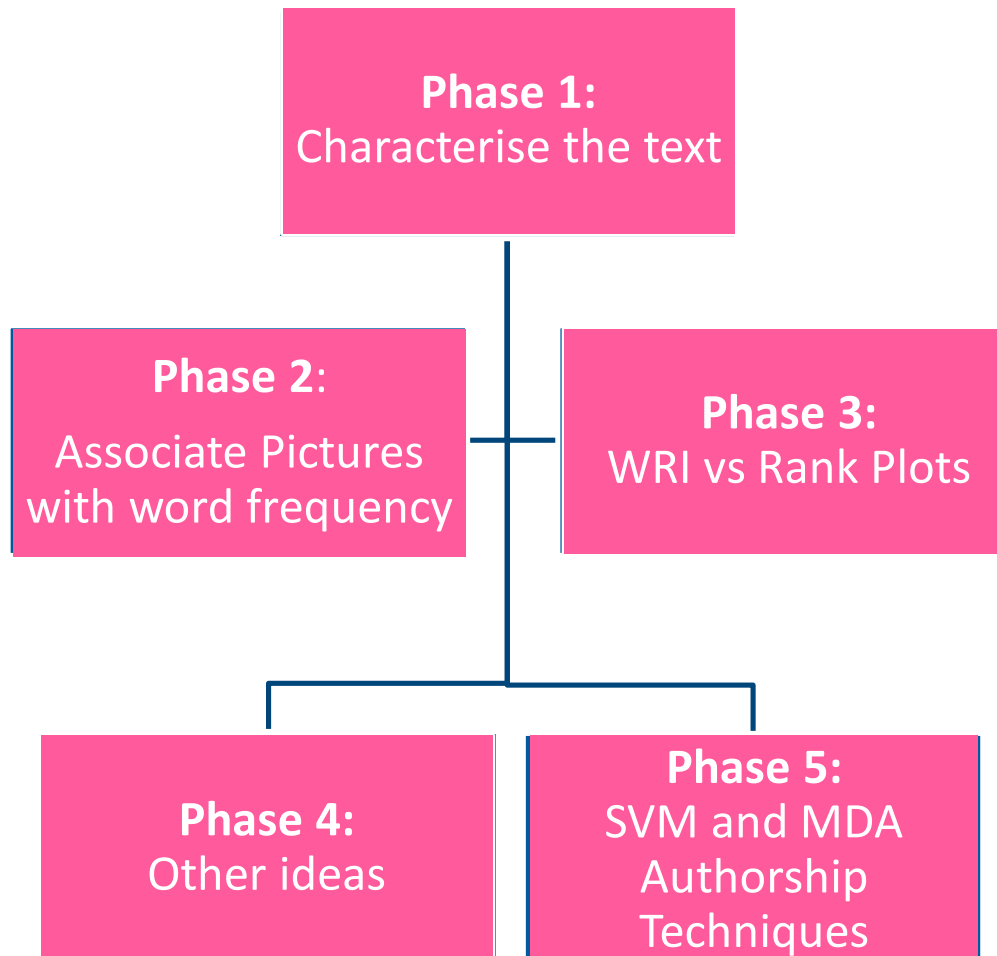


# Risk Management and Budget

No.	Risk	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Level
1	Not understanding the project correctly and the processes required	Almost Certain	Moderate	Very High
2	Inaccurate allocation of time and resources to a particular area	Likely	Major	Very High
3	Health issues due to long periods of time sitting and working at a PC	Likely	Moderate	High
4	Files and working copies lost	Rare	Major	Medium
5	UofA Electrical Engineering server down for unknown reasons	Unlikely	Moderate	Medium
6	Not being able to solve the Voynich Manuscript code	Almost Certain	Negligible	Medium

- \$396.46 (Spent on 3 books, printing and lamination)

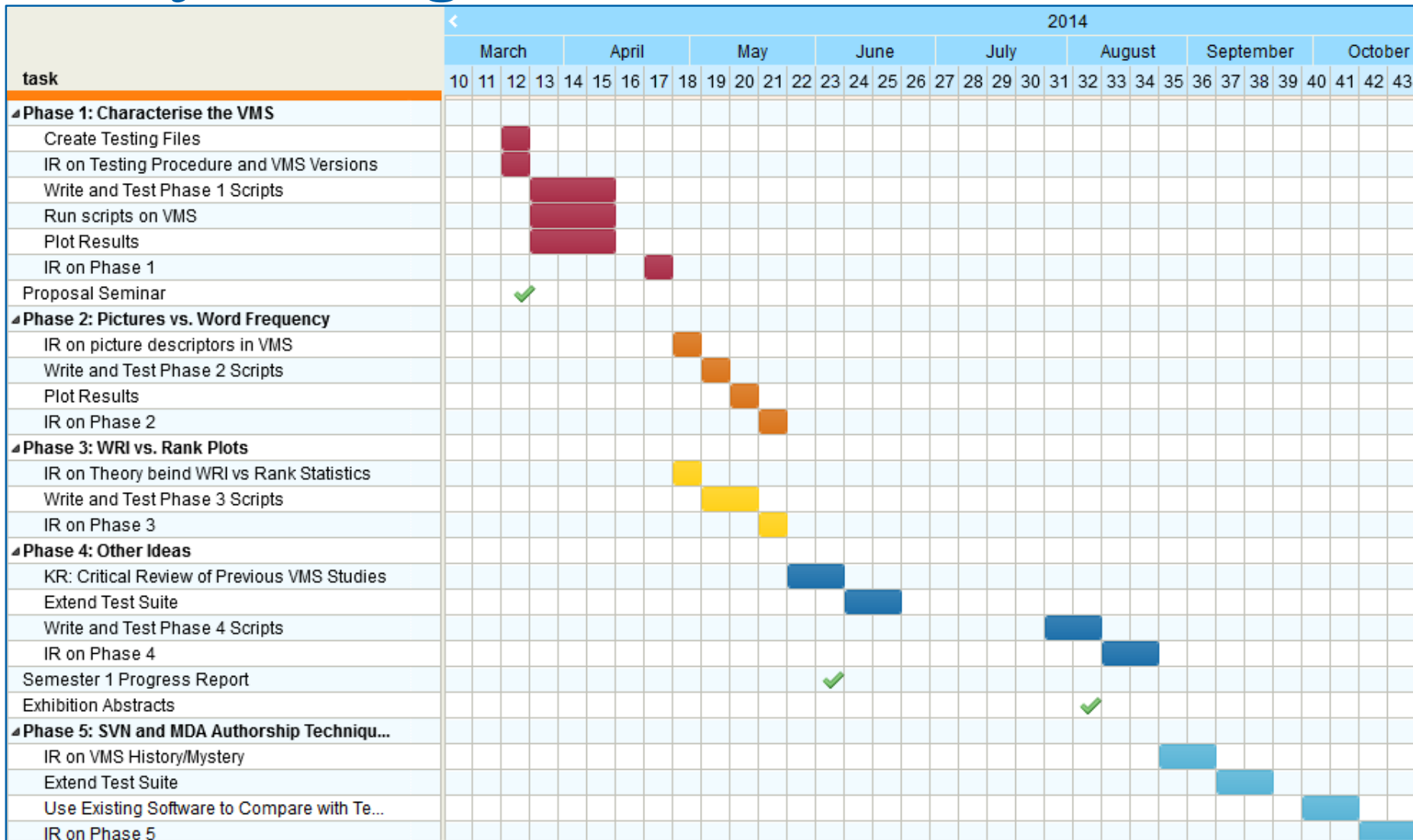
# Final Approach



# Team Roles

- Peter
  - Python Code
  - Phase 2
  - Phase 4
  - Compilation of testing material
  - Research as necessary
  
- Bryce
  - MATLAB Code
  - Phase 3
  - Phase 5
  - Analysis of known 15<sup>th</sup> Century Text
  - Research as necessary

# Project Progress





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Interpretation of Results

Conclusion

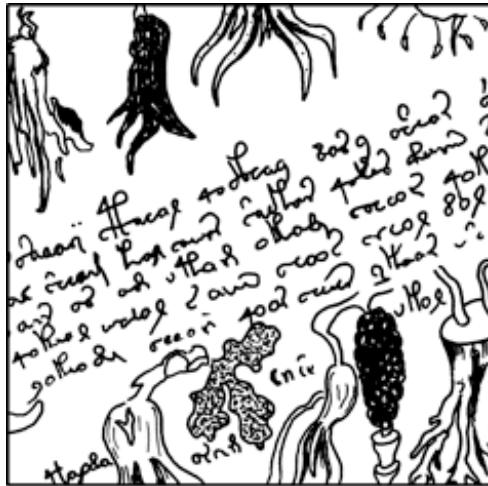
# Conclusions

- The writing and language in the Voynich appears to have evolved over time, making analysis difficult.
- There is a relationship between language and section, but this may not have anything to do with illustrations
- Based on characteristics such as word length distribution and WRI, appears similar to languages such as Hebrew and Latin
- May contain punctuation, based on line characteristics.
- Weak word order, indicating lack of phrases and proper nouns, or perhaps indicating the characteristics of a code

# Future Pathways

- Expand research into word/illustration relationship
- Test the effect of modified alphabets
- Expand research into authorship if possible
- Hidden Markov Model classification of text
- Develop a rule-based grammar for the the Manuscript if possible
- Test characteristics against transcriptions of known 15<sup>th</sup> century codes

# Questions?



THIS IS THE VOYNICH MANUSCRIPT—  
A BOOK, ALLEGEDLY 500 YEARS OLD,  
WRITTEN IN AN UNRECOGNIZED SCRIPT.  
IT'S SOME KIND OF VISUAL  
ENCYCLOPEDIA OF IMAGINARY PLANTS  
AND UNDECIPHERED "RECIPES".

A stick figure with short hair is holding a book and talking to another stick figure who is looking at the book.

IT COULD BE A HOAX, A LOST  
LANGUAGE, A CIPHER, AN ALIEN  
TEXT, GLOSSOLATIA — NO ONE KNOWS.

NO ONE? BUT  
IT'S OBVIOUS.

A stick figure with short hair is talking to another stick figure who is holding a book.

... OBVIOUS? LINGUISTS AND  
CRYPTOGRAPHERS HAVE BEEN  
STUMPED FOR DECADES.

THEY FORGET. HUMAN  
NATURE DOESN'T CHANGE.

A stick figure with short hair is talking to another stick figure who is holding a book.

JUST IMAGINE SOMEONE FOUND A  
BOOK FROM OUR TIME, FULL OF  
LISTS, ILLUSTRATIONS, TABLES, AND LONG  
DRY DESCRIPTIONS OF NONEXISTENT  
WORLDS WRITTEN IN AN INVENTED  
LANGUAGE. WHAT HAVE THEY FOUND?

... DEAR LORD.  
IT IS OBVIOUS.

A stick figure with short hair is talking to another stick figure who is holding a book.

**500 YEARS EARLIER:**

FORSOOTH!  
I CONCOCT  
AN ELIXIR  
OF COURAGE.

NAE! THE  
SOURCE BOOKE  
SAYETH THAT  
REQUIRES SOME  
WOLFSBANE!

YOUR DRUID  
DOTH LOSE  
TWO POINTS.

A stick figure with short hair is talking to two other stick figures who are holding books.

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